# Fertility Focus 09/10: Year-round calving



| Report date:               | 02/03/11              |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Herd ID:                   |                       |
| No of cows included:       | 848                   |
| These cows calved between: | 01/09/09 and 31/08/10 |

# (1) Overall herd reproductive performance

#### 100-day in-calf rate

Percentage of cows pregnant by 100 days after calving

Your herd 27% (27-33%) Aim above

#### 200-day not-in-calf rate

Percentage of cows that did not become pregnant by 200 days after calving

Your herd 44% (35-45%) 쇼 Aim below

% of herd in calf by: 100 days 150 days 200 days after calving Top result **Average Below average** 

#### 2 Drivers of in-calf rates

80-day submission rate

% of cows that were inseminated by 80 days after calving

Your herd Aim above 50%

73%

女

#### Non-return rate

% of inseminations that were not followed by a return to heat

Your herd

Aim above

#### Conception rate

% of inseminations that resulted in a confirmed pregnancy

Your herd

26%

51% Aim above

\*

# Key indicators to areas for improvement

#### **Voluntary Waiting Period**

Voluntary waiting periods less than 60 days are generally more profitable.

Your herd Aim below

37 days\* 60 days

OK

#### Mature cow submission rate

A high % of mature cows should be inseminated by 80 days after calving

Your herd

51% Aim above

76%

☆

Aim above

Your herd 44%

52%

Return intervals

A high % of returns to heat should be between 18

and 24 days.

444

\*estimated

#### First calver milk production compared with mature cows

Average litres per day

Rating

\*\*\*

**公公公** 

4

31.1 Your herd

1st calver

Mature 38.2

Aim above

Ratio 81%

> 83% **公公公公公**

### **AI** practice

**Heat detection** 

Variations in conception rates achieved by technicians should be investigated.

Tech. No. of insems

Conc. rate

705

BJ

26%

357 Similar to

DB

226 Similar to

SL

What does What should I do? it tell me? Ideal - keep up the good work! Top result Average Getting there - focus on getting the details right Plenty of room to improve - seek professional advice. Below average

> Not enough information provided. Calving and insemination dates, and results from regular rectal pregnancy testing may be required. Copyright Dairy Australia 2005 All rights reserved.

# **Behind Your Detailed Fertility Focus Report**

Report period: Cows calved between 01/09/09 and 31/08/10.

This was the most recent period with sufficient herd records that enabled an analysis to be completed.

Calving system: Year Round

Your herd has been classified as year round calving because less than 80% of the herd calved during the 21 weeks of the year with the most calvings.

Level of analysis: Detailed.

Your good record keeping means a detailed analysis was possible for your herd.

Report date: 02/03/11

Herd ID:

Calvings up to this date 02/08/10 requested for analysis:

No of cows included:

848

These cows calved between:

01/09/09 and 31/08/10

### Part A) Herd records cross check

Check that the herd records in the table are complete and correct.

| 2009/10                    | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Total |
|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| No. of calvings            | 26  | 31  | 9   | 4   | 9   | 82  | 107 | 160 | 134 | 127 | 132 | 41  | 862   |
| No. of AI matings          | 202 | 230 | 200 | 158 | 3   |     |     |     | 171 | 282 | 234 | 253 | 1733  |
| No. of early preg tests    | 220 | 184 | 142 | 88  | 141 | 111 | 116 | 9   | 9   | 34  | 220 | 124 | 1398  |
| No. of late preg tests     | 7   | 21  | 20  | 24  | 84  | 64  | 134 | 46  | 39  | 35  | 12  | 6   | 492   |
| No. of cows culled or died | 15  | 22  | 27  | 9   | 13  | 3   | 22  | 5   | 21  | 23  | 37  | 49  | 246   |

#### Part B) Notes on the calculations

Use the following notes to see how your results were calculated.

# 1) Overall herd reproductive performance

#### 100-day in-calf rate

Your report has been based on the mating and pregnancy test results you supplied. The ACTUAL 100-day in-calf rate is shown for your herd.

#### 200-day not-in-calf rate

The 200 day not-in-calf rate reported was based on the results of pregnancy testing.

# **Drivers of in-calf rates**

#### 80-day submission rate

848 cows had calving dates in the required range and 50% of these were submitted during the first 80 days after calving.

#### Non-return rate

Non-return rate is not calculated when pregnancy test results provide an accurate estimate of conception rate.

#### **Conception rate**

1510 eligible inseminations were used in calculating your herd's conception rate.

# 3) Key indicators to areas for improvement

#### **Voluntary Waiting Period**

Voluntary Waiting Period is estimated from calving to first insemination intervals. At least 50 cows must have intervals recorded in order to make the estimate.

#### Heat detection Mature cow submission rate

437 cows were at least 4 years old at calving and

51% of these were submitted during the first 80 days after calving.

#### **Return intervals**

1122 heat intervals were analysed and of these 44% were in the range of 18 to 24 days.

#### First calver milk production compared with mature cows

Herd test records from 261 first calvers and 425 mature cows were used to calculated the ratio.

#### AI practice

Only significant differences in the conception rates achieved by different technicians are reported. Technicians require at least 50 inseminations before a valid comparison can be made.

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